

**Federal State Autonomous Educational Institution of Higher Education
“Peoples' Friendship University of Russia”**

Faculty of Economics

Recommended by MSSN / MO

WORKING PROGRAM OF DISCIPLINE

Name of the discipline: «Foreign Economic Security»

Recommended for the specialty: 38.06.01. Economy

Program profile: 08.00.14. World Economy

Qualification (degree) graduate: Researcher. Lecturer-researcher

1. The aims and objectives of discipline

The aims and objectives of discipline: to master the basic questions of the theory and practice of foreign economic security, in particular, to give an idea of the national goals, interests and security of Russia, to teach to highlight threats and dangers to the national economic interests of the country, to give an idea of foreign economic security, its goals, tasks, to reveal the basic concepts of geopolitics, to study classical schools of geopolitics, to consider the peculiarities of Russia's geopolitical position, to give an idea of the world economic order, alignment of forces in the world arena and spheres of influence, to give an idea of Russia's geopolitical and economic interests in various regions of the world.

2. Place of the discipline in the structure of the EP HE:

The discipline "Foreign Economic Security" refers to the variable part of the program, is a discipline by choice, and is studied in the second year of the postgraduate study in the direction specialty 38.06.01 "Economics", profile 08.00.14 "World economy".

Practices and exams for which the study of the discipline "Foreign Economic Security" is necessary as a precursor are: pedagogical practice, scientific research practice, scientific researches, preparation for passing the state examination, presentation of a scientific report on the main results of the prepared scientific-qualification work (thesis of dissertation).

Discipline is studied simultaneously with the discipline "Integration Processes in World Economy"

Prior and subsequent disciplines aimed at building competences

№	Code and name of competence	Prior disciplines	The following disciplines (groups of disciplines)
Professional competences			
10.	PC-5.1	Russian English Scientific research practice Scientific research	Scientific research practice Scientific researches Preparing for passing the state examination Presentation of the scientific report on the main results of the prepared scientific and qualification paper (dissertation)
11.	PC-5.2	Pedagogy of higher school Methodology of scientific research part 1 Methodology of scientific research part 2 Modern economic theory in the world economy Scientific research practice Scientific research	Pedagogical practice Scientific research practice Scientific researches Preparing for passing the state examination Presentation of the scientific report on the main results of the prepared scientific and qualification paper (dissertation)
12.	PC-5.3	Scientific research practice Scientific researches	Scientific research practice Scientific researches Preparing for passing the state examination Presentation of the scientific report on the main results of the prepared scientific and qualification paper (dissertation)

3. Requirements for the results of the discipline

The process of studying the discipline is aimed at the formation of the following competencies:

• *Professional competencies:*

- the ability to study modern problems of the world economy, the patterns of internationalization and globalization of economic relations, mechanisms for their regulation at the national, regional and global levels (PC-5.1);
- skills in the development and implementation of theory and methodology in the areas of internationalization and globalization of economic relations, as well as mechanisms for their regulation at the national, regional and global levels (PC-5.2);
- the ability to develop scientific ideas about the production, trade, monetary, social, scientific, technical, environmental and other aspects of the world economic processes and subjects of these processes - transnational corporations, state structures, international governmental and non-governmental organizations that ensure the functioning of the world economy as a whole system (PC-5.3).

As a result of studying the discipline, the graduate student must:

To know: basic theoretical concepts of national interests of the country, national and economic security, western and domestic geopolitical theories, main directions of the Russian foreign economic policy, basic legal and regulatory documents related to national, economic and foreign economic security, geopolitical and economic situation of the regions of the world, mechanisms and tools of strategy external expansion of the main strategic competitors of the Russian Federation in the world arena.

To be able to: independently acquire and use new knowledge and skills; generalize and critically evaluate the results obtained by domestic and foreign researchers, identify actual areas, make a research program; substantiate the relevance, theoretical and practical significance of the selected topic of scientific research; to analyze and use various sources of information for conducting economic calculations; make a forecast of the main socio-economic indicators of the enterprise, industry, markets, region and the economy as a whole; work with a computer and with information in global computer networks; to collect, analyze and process the data necessary to solve the set economic problems; identify the trends of change in socio-economic processes; to collect the necessary information for the analysis of the role and place of Russia in this or that region of the world; to allocate priority in the region from the point of view of Russia's economic and geopolitical interests of the country; analyze and determine the effectiveness of Russian foreign economic policy in a particular region; to be able to analyze and compare the economic positions of Russia and its closest competitors in specific countries and regions of the world; to analyze the measures of the governments of the leading countries of the world in promoting national interests; analyze and determine the effectiveness of the country's foreign economic policy; formulate the topic and goals when selecting and preparing presentations.

Grasp: knowledge and analytical skills that allow one to specialize in scientific research and practical foreign economic activity in public and private structures, knowledge in the field of regional and global economy.

4. Amount of discipline and types of training

Total workload of discipline is 6 credits, 216 acad. hours

Type of educational activity	Total hours	Semesters					
		1	2	3	4	5	6
Classroom training (total)	36				36		
Including:							
Seminars (C)	36				36		
Independent work (total)	152				152		
	28				28		
Total workload,	acad. hours	216			216		
	credits	6			6		

5. The content of the discipline

5.1. The content of the discipline sections

No. p/p	Name of the discipline section	Contents of section (lectures)
1.	National security and national interests of the country. Foreign economic security as a component of economic and national security.	The concept and essence of security. National interests of the country. National interests and the problem of interdependence of countries. The National Security Strategy of the Russian Federation. Economic security: essence, types, indicators. Threshold values of economic security. Strategy of economic security of the Russian Federation. Foreign economic security: the theoretical aspect. Regional priorities of foreign economic security of the Russian Federation. Mechanisms for the realization of the national interests of the Russian Federation in the field of foreign economic security.
2.	Foreign economic security: geopolitical aspect. Russian geopolitical thought and Russian geopolitical reality.	The role and place of Russia in the works of classics of geopolitics (Ratzel, Kjellén, Halford, Mackinder, Haushover, Mehen, Spykman, etc.). Modern western geopolitical thoughts: theory and application on practice (Brzezinski, Kissinger, Nai, Fukuyama, Hatington, etc.). Russia in geopolitical plans of China. Russian geopolitical idea (Snesarev, Milyutin, Danelevskij, Mendeleev, etc.). Geopolitical and economic consequences of the collapse of the Soviet Union. The modern border of Russia after the collapse of the Soviet Union. States and blocks, mounted across Russia's borders. The disputed plots of land borders. Threats to Russia's national interests and security in its area. New geopolitical quality of Russia. Scenarios (variants) of geopolitical development of Russia.
3.	Foreign economic interests of Russia in the post-soviet area	The history of the occurrence of newly independent countries in the territories of Russian Empire and the Soviet Union. The role and place of USSR in the economic system of the world. The collapse of the Soviet Union and the first steps of independent existence of former republics. Evolution of Russia's economic relations with the newly independent countries. The presence of the world's leading players in the post-soviet area and the interests of the Russian Federation. Perspective directions of cooperation of Russia with the newly independent countries: integration processes in the post-soviet area (CIS, EAEU, the Union State of Russia and Belarus, cooperation in the sphere of innovations, etc.
4.	Foreign economic interests of Russia in Europe	Composition, boundaries, the geopolitical situation and the economic potential of Eastern and Western Europe. Geopolitical processes in Western and Eastern Europe. The Balkan crisis: causes and consequences. Geopolitical and economic landmarks countries of Western and Eastern Europe. Geopolitical and economic interests of Russia in the region: history and modernity. Impact on the political development of the Soviet Union and the

		economies of Eastern Europe. Modern Russian position in Western and Eastern Europe.
5.	Foreign economic interests of Russia in Asia	<p>The geopolitical interests of the world's leading countries in the Asian region. The role and direction of geopolitical influence of the United States and Western European countries in Asia. History of geopolitical and economic influence of Russia in Asia. The current geopolitical and economic position of Russia in the region. The prospects for strengthening the position of Russia.</p> <p>China. History and modern features of Russian-Chinese relations. The essence of the geopolitics of China. The specific conditions of China's development. Demographic development of China and the prospects for geopolitical influence. Integration into the "greater China". Dynamics and structure of Russian-Chinese bilateral trade. The mutual movement of capital.</p> <p>Japan. History and modern features of Russian-Japanese relations. Geopolitics in Japan at the present stage. The problem of the "Northern Territories" and the prospects of its solution. External economic relations of Japan and Russia.</p> <p>South-East Asia. Composition, boundaries, the geopolitical situation and the economic potential of the region. The main features of the socio-economic model for the countries of South-East Asia. Russia's economic relations with the countries of South-East Asia. The current state of economic relations between Russia and the countries of South-East Asia. Prospects for Russia's economic relations with the countries of South-East Asia.</p> <p>South Asia. Composition, boundaries, the geopolitical situation and the economic potential of the region. History and modern features of Russian-Indian relations. Russia and India as supporters of a multipolar system. The main features of the socio-economic model of India and Pakistan. Indo-Pakistani conflict: causes and consequences. The conflict in Sri Lanka. The conflict in Afghanistan. The role of Russia and the United States in the Afghan conflict. Economic relations between India and Russia, Russia and Pakistan.</p> <p>West Asia. Composition, boundaries, the geopolitical situation and the economic potential of the region. History of Russia's relations with the countries of the region. Economic relations of Russia with Western Asia. The influence of the United States and the countries of Western Europe to the countries of the region.</p>
6.	Foreign economic interests of Russia in North America and South America	<p>Composition, boundaries, the geopolitical situation and the economic potential of the region. The geopolitical position and the interests of the countries of the region. United States geopolitical strategy. Russia in the geopolitics of the United States. American interests in various regions of the world. Geopolitical influence of the USSR and Russia in America: historical aspect and modernity. Form, problems and prospects of political and economic relations of Russia and United States. Economic relations between Russia and the United States, Russia and Canada, Russia and Mexico.</p> <p>Composition, boundaries, the geopolitical situation and the economic potential of the region. Geopolitical and economic role of the United States and other developed countries in Latin</p>

		America. History of Russian influence on the geopolitical and economic development of the countries of the region. Economic relations between Russia and Latin America.
7.	Foreign economic interests of Russia in Africa	Composition, boundaries, the geopolitical situation and the economic potential of the region. Geopolitical and economic interests of economically developed countries in Africa. Establishment and collapse of the colonial system. The influence of the United States and other developed countries to African States. History of the influence of the Soviet Union and Russia on economic and geopolitical development of African countries. Necessity and prospects of Russian influence on African countries. Russia's economic relations with the countries of Africa.
8.	World economic and geopolitical order of the XXIst century.	The new balance of power on the world arena. New and old players.

5.2. The sections of the disciplines and workload

No	Name of the discipline section	Seminars	Individual study of postgraduates	Control	Total
1.	National security and national interests of the country. Foreign economic security as a component of economic and national security.	4	17	5	26
2.	Foreign economic security: geopolitical aspect. Russian geopolitical thought and Russian geopolitical reality.	5	18	5	28
3.	Foreign economic interests of Russia in the post-soviet area.	6	19	3	28
4.	Foreign economic interests of Russia in Europe.	5	20	3	28
5.	Foreign economic interests of Russia in Asia.	5	20	3	28
6.	Foreign economic interests of Russia in North America and South America	5	19	3	27
7.	Foreign economic interests of Russia in Africa	4	19	3	26
8.	World economic and geopolitical order of the XXI-st century.	2	19	3	24
	TOTAL:	36	152	28	216

6. Laboratory practice - not provided

7. Practical exercises (seminars)

No. p/p	The section of discipline	The subjects of practical exercises (seminars)	Workload
1.	National security and national interests of the country. Foreign economic	Study of concept and essence of the country's national security. Analysis of the basic documents: the national security concept of the Russian Federation, national security strategy, the concept of long-term socio-economic development of the Russian Federation for the period until the year 2020. Identify potential risks and threats to the national interests of the	4

	security as a component of economic and national security.	country. Study of the entity types, the indicators and their threshold levels of economic security. Analysis of the core document - ", identification of hazards and threats to the economic security of the Russian Federation, dynamics and how they compare to thresholds. Study of the theory of foreign economic security. Identification of instruments and mechanisms for foreign trade expansion. Learn the basic documents: foreign policy concept of the year 2000, 2008 and foreign policy concept of the year 2016. Comparison of regional priorities of foreign economic security of the Russian 2000, 2008 and 2016.	
2.	Foreign economic security: geopolitical aspect. Russian geopolitical thought and Russian geopolitical reality.	The role and place of Russia in the works of classics of geopolitics (Ratzel, Kjellén, and Halford Mackinder, Haushover, Mehen, Spykman, etc.). Reports of students. Modern Western geopolitical thought: theory and application on practice (Brzezinski, Kissinger, Nai, Fukuyama, Hatington, etc.). Russia in geopolitical plans of China. Discussion: BRICS in the new geopolitical reality. Discussion on the geopolitical and economic consequences of the collapse of the Soviet Union and geopolitical scenarios for Russia's development. View documentary wounds of "Russian card"	5
3.	Foreign economic interests of Russia in the post-soviet area.	Evolution of Russia's economic relations with new independent countries. Presence of the world's leading players in the post-Soviet space and the interests of the Russian Federation. Perspective directions of cooperation of the Russian Federation with the new independent countries: integration processes in the post-Soviet space (CIS, the United State Russia-Belarus, and EAEU), cooperation in innovative sphere, etc. Round table: prospects of cooperation of the Russian Federation with the countries of the post-soviet area	6
4.	Foreign economic interests of Russia in Europe.	Composition, boundaries, geopolitical position and economic potential of Western and Eastern Europe. Geopolitical processes in Western and Eastern Europe. The Balkan crisis: causes and consequences. Geopolitical and economic landmarks of the countries of Western and Eastern Europe. Geopolitical and economic interests of Russia in the region: history and modernity. The influence of the USSR on the political development and economy of the countries of Eastern Europe. Modern positions of Russia in Western and Eastern Europe. A study of the region with a view to highlighting key countries in terms of Russian economic and geopolitical interests. Discussion: Russia and the EU - an equal dialogue.	5
5.	Foreign economic interests of Russia in Asia.	A study of the region with a view to highlighting key countries in terms of Russian economic and geopolitical interests. Reports on the State and prospects for Russian cooperation with selected countries. Discussion about China's role and position in the modern world.	5
6.	Foreign economic interests of	Geopolitical and economic interests of the United States in the regions of the world. Discussion – Russia in the geopolitics of the USA.	5

	Russia in North America and South America	A study of the region with a view to highlighting key countries in terms of Russian economic and geopolitical interests. Reports on the State and prospects for Russian cooperation with selected countries. Discussion on the role and place of Brazil in the region and on the world stage.	
7.	Foreign economic interests of Russia in Africa	A study of the region with a view to highlighting key countries in terms of Russian economic and geopolitical interests. Necessity and prospects of Russian influence on African countries. Economic relations of Russia with the countries of Africa. Reports on the state and prospects for Russian cooperation with selected countries.	4
8.	World economic and geopolitical order of the XXI-st century.	Discussion about the new arrangement of forces in the world arena.	2

8. Inventory and technical support of discipline

No. p/p	Name of special * classrooms and classrooms for independent work	Equipment of special classrooms and classrooms for independent work	List of licensed software
1.	Classrooms for lecture-type classes, seminar-type classes, group and individual consultations, current control and intermediate certification No. 105, Moscow, Miklukho-Maklaya str., 6.	board; desktop personal computer with Microsoft Office package; multimedia projector; it is allowed to use portable equipment-a laptop and a projector; screen (stationary or portable outdoor).	MS Windows 10 64bit Microsoft Office 2016

9. Informational support of discipline:

a) software:

- MS Word, MS Excel, MS Power Point;
- Browsers;
- Internet resources (sites of scientific journals, databases and citation databases)
- recommended materials on the official websites of international and regional economic organizations, Russian and foreign authorities, for example:
 - www.imf.org -International Monetary Fund website;
 - www.worldbank.org -World Bank website;
 - www.wto.org -World Trade Organization website;
 - www.cisstat.com -Official website of the CIS Interstate Statistical Committee;
 - www.oecd.org -Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development;
 - www.unctad.org -website of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development;

b) databases, information and reference systems and search engines:

Databases of the UNIBC RUDN:

- Electronic catalog-database of books and periodicals in the fund of the RUDN Library.
- Electronic resources – including:
 - section: Licensed resources of the UNIBC (NB);
 - University Library ONLINE;
 - SPRINGER. Publishing house book collections;

- Bulletin of the RUDN;
- East View

Universal databases:

- eLibrary.ru
- Cyberleninka.ru
- Grebennikon
- Library PressDisplay
- SwetsWise
- SwetsWise online content
- University of Chicago Press Journals
- Books by “Alpina Publishers”
- Electronic library of RSE dissertations
- others.

Database “Multilingual Glossary of terms”, bibliographic information database, INION RAN, the database of normative acts of the Russian Federation: 2010: VersijaProf. ON - LINE VERSION, the database business and Economics (Business Source Complete).

10. Educational and methodological support of the discipline

a) the principal educational literature:

1. Inna V. Andronova, The aspects of the national interests of Russia in the post-soviet area, M. Quadriga, 2010, p. 383
2. Inna V. Andronova, Foreign economic safety: theory and practice, M. Quadriga, 2010, p. 225
3. P. Palery, National Security: Imperatives and Challenges, // New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co., 2008.
4. Economic Security. Neglected Dimension of National Security?, // Edited by Sheila R. Ronis, 2011.
5. Joseph E. Stiglitz, Globalization and Its Discontents, //published by W. W. Norton & Company 2003.
6. Maddison A., The World Economy: A Millennial Perspective, //OECD, Development Centre Studies, 2001

c) periodical literature:

Journals in the database of Taylor&Francis Online:

7. Eurasian Geography and Economics
8. Journal of Chinese Economic and Business Studies
9. Baltic Journal of Economics
10. China Economic Journal
11. Global Economic Review: Perspectives on East Asian Economics and Industries
12. Journal of the Asia Pasific Economy
13. Middle East Development Journal
14. Economic History of Developing Regions
15. The International Trade Journal
16. The Journal of International Trade and Economic Development
17. International Economic Journal
18. Journal of Immigrant&Refugee Studies

Journals in the database of Springer Link (Springer Journals):

19. International Economics and Economic Policy
20. Eurasian Economic Review
21. Studies on Russian Economic Development
22. Open Economies Review
23. Review of World Economics
24. International Advances in Economic Research
25. Latin American Economic Review
26. China Finance and Economic Review

Journals in the database of Oxford Journals:

27. Journal of International Economic Law
28. Journal of Economic Geography
29. Journal of African Economies
30. International Studies Quarterly
31. International Relations of the Asia-Pacific
32. Cambridge Journal of Economics
33. European Review of Economic History
34. Global Summitry: Politics, Economics, and Law in International Governance
35. Journal of Financial Regulation
36. Journal of Global Security Studies
37. The World Bank Economic Review
38. The World Bank Research Observer
39. International Affairs
40. Migration Studies
41. The Review of Economic Studies
- Journals in the database of JStore:*
42. International Economic Review
- Journals in the database of Science Direct:*
43. China Economic Review
44. European Economic Review
45. Japan and the World Economy
46. Journal of the Japanese and International Economies
47. Journal of Asian Economics
48. Journal of African Trade
49. Journal of International Economics
50. International Economics
51. Journal of International Financial Markets, Institutions and Money
52. Journal of International Money and Finance
53. Russian Journal of Economics
54. Research in International Business and Finance
55. Journal of World Business

d) Economic analysis of international organizations

56. BIS 82nd Annual Report.
57. BP Statistical Review of World Energy.
58. ILO. Global Wage Report 2010-2013. Wage Policies in Time of Crisis. Geneva. 2013.
59. International Economic Accounts. International Services. URL:
<http://www.bea.gov/international/index.htm>.
60. OECD Economic Surveys: Euro Area 2010.
61. OECD Economic Surveys: United States, 2013.
62. OECD Employment Outlook 2010-2013. The Supplementary Material. On OECD. Paris.
63. The Global Competitiveness Report 2012-2013. Geneva.
64. The Russian Competitiveness Report 2013. Geneva.
65. World Bank, World Development Indicators. Wash.
66. The IMF. The World Economic Outlook.
67. The IMF. International Financial Statistics.
68. IMF Global Financial Stability Report.
69. WTO, International Trade Statistics.
70. WTO, World Merchandise Export Production and Gross Domestic Product.
71. WTO, World Trade Report 2011. Trade and Development Report.
72. UNCTAD, Development and Globalization. Facts and Figures.
73. UNCTAD, World Investment Report.
74. UNCTAD, Handbook of Statistics.

11. Methodical instructions for post-graduate students to learn the discipline

The implementation of the course involves practical classes (seminars) with the use of multimedia equipment, based on a large amount of independent work, testing, conducting group discussions on the subject of the course, conducting colloquiums, solving problems, performing a creative task in

the form of an abstract. The process of training graduate students in the discipline involves the use of modern knowledge control technologies.

It is recommended to prepare for the seminar as follows:

- familiarization with the educational material presented in the main and additional literature on the topic of the seminar;
- performing independent tasks: preparing for a colloquium, discussion, testing, oral exam (test), performing calculations, writing an abstract.

At the first (organizational) stage, the graduate student plans his independent work, namely: he understands the tasks for independent work; selects recommended literature; selects independently selected literature and information sources; makes an independent work plan, in which he determines the main points of the upcoming training, the stages and sequence of their implementation.

At the second stage (consolidation and deepening of theoretical knowledge), the graduate student performs direct preparation for the seminar, namely, studies the recommended and independently selected literature, highlighting and outlining the most important and complex parts of the topic, paying special attention to the content of the main provisions and conclusions, explaining phenomena and facts, understanding the practical application of the theoretical issues under consideration. It is recommended to systematize the studied material and analytically approach its development by compiling a list of the main provisions, ideas, and thoughts on the studied issue, which will allow you to make a concentrated, concise presentation on the studied issues and structure the studied material.

The abstract is a presentation of the creative research of a graduate student, should demonstrate the high analytical abilities of a graduate student, a high level of his theoretical and practical training. The abstract should be scientific, specific, specific, and deeply reveal the problem and the ways to solve it. You should clearly follow the structure of the abstract and the requirements for the substance of the material presented on the subject under study.

11. The Fund of Evaluation Means for the Intermediate Certification of Students in Discipline

For assessing the knowledge and attestation of graduate students, the following credit system is used.

Points of rating system	Traditional grades in Russia	Points	Grades	Grades of ECTS
86 - 100	5	95 - 100	5+	A
		86 - 94	5	B
69 - 85	4	69 - 85	4	C
51 - 68	3	61 - 68	3+	D
		51 - 60	3	E
0 - 50	2	31 - 50	2+	FX
		0 - 30	2	F

The description of grades in ECTS

A	“Excellent” - the theoretical content of the course has been mastered completely, without gaps, the necessary practical skills of working with the mastered material have been formed, all the training tasks stipulated in the training program are fulfilled, the quality of their performance is estimated by the number of points close to the maximum.
B	“Very good” - the theoretical content of the course has been mastered completely, without gaps, the necessary practical skills of working with the mastered material have been basically formed, all the training tasks stipulated in the training program have been fulfilled, the quality of most of them is estimated by the number of points close to the maximum.

C	“Good” - the theoretical content of the course is mastered completely, without gaps, some practical skills in working with the mastered material are not sufficiently formed, all the study assignments provided for in the training program are fulfilled, the quality of performance of none of them is not estimated by the minimum number of points, some tasks are executed with errors.
D	“Satisfactory” - the theoretical content of the course is partially mastered, but the gaps are not essential, the necessary practical skills of working with the mastered material are mainly formed, most of the training tasks provided by the training program are fulfilled, some of the completed tasks may contain errors.
E	“Mediocre” - the theoretical content of the course is partially mastered, some practical skills are not formed, many of the training assignments provided by the training program are not met, or the quality of some of them is estimated by the number of points close to the minimum.
FX	“Conditionally unsatisfactory” - the theoretical content of the course is partially mastered, the necessary practical skills are not formed, most of the training assignments provided by the training program are not met, or the quality of their performance is estimated by the number of points close to the minimum; with additional independent work on the material of the course, it is possible to improve the quality of the performance of the study assignments.
F	“Unsatisfactory” - the theoretical content of the course is not mastered, the necessary practical skills are not formed, all the completed training tasks contain gross errors, additional independent work on the course material will not lead to any significant improvement in the quality of the training assignments.

The types of work (tasks) for the study of the discipline, the points, evaluation criteria and the competencies formed when performing each of the types of work in the study of the discipline are set out in the Passport of the evaluation fund. The evaluation fund is located in the TUIS system.

The program is compiled in accordance with the requirements of the ES HE PFUR / FSES.

Developers:

doctor of science, associate professor of the International economic relations department



Inna V. Andronova

Supervisor of the program:

doctor of science, professor of the International economic relations department



Inna V. Andronova

Head of Department

of International economic relations
doctor of science, professor



Inna V. Andronova