Документ подписан простой электронной подписью Информация о владельце: ФИО: Ястребов Олег Алектан Dopper State Auton Должность: Ректор Дата подписания: 19.05.2023 11:46:5 PEOPLES' Уникальный программный ключ: са953a0120d891083f939673078ef1a989dae18a

Agrarian and Technological Institute

educational division (faculty/institute/academy) as higher education programme developer

COURSE SYLLABUS

Scientific writing skills

course title

Recommended by the Didactic Council for the Education Field of:

35.03.09 Landscape architecture Management and design of urban green infrastructure field of studies / speciality code and title

The course instruction is implemented within the professional education programme of higher education:

Landscape architecture

higher education programme profile/specialisation title

1. COURSE GOAL(s)

The goal of the «Scientific writing skills» is to provide basic theoretical knowledge and practical skills in scientific writing, data collecting, processing and presenting research results in the sphere of landscape architecture.

2. REQUIREMENTS FOR LEARNING OUTCOMES

The course is designed for students to acquire following competences: *Table 2.1. List of competences that students acquire during the course*

		Indi students acquire during the course	
Competence	Competence descriptor	Competence formation indicators	
code		(within this course)	
UC-1	Student is able to search, critically analyze problem situations based on a	UC-1.1 Student is able to apply systematization to solve tasks;	
00-1	systematic approach, and develop a strategy for action.	UC-1.2 Student is able to search and analyze information.	
	Student is able to organize and manage the work of the	UC-3.1 Student is able to organize team work on the project;	
UC-3	team, developing a team strategy to achieve the goal.	UC-3.2 Student is able to interact with the executive authorities to coordinate all stages of design.	
UC-5	Student is able to analyze and take into account the diversity of cultures in the	UC-5.1 Student is able to overcome cultural barriers by perceiving intercultural differences;	
	process of intercultural interaction.	UC-5.2 Student is able to overcome the cultural barrier by perceiving cross-cultural differences.	
UC-6	Student is able to determine and implement the priorities of his own activities and ways to improve it based on self- assessment.	UC-6.1 "Student is able to plan his life activities for the period of study in an educational organization"; UC-6.2 Student is able to determine the tasks of self- development and professional growth, distribute them for long-medium- and short-term with justification of their relevance and determination of the necessary resources.	
GPC-1	Ability to analyze modern problems of science and production, solve complex (non-standard) tasks in professional activity.	GPC-1.1 Ability to solve complex (non-standard) tasks in professional activities;GPC-1.2 Ability to analyze modern problems of science and production.	
GPC-2	professional knowledge using modern pedagogical	GPC-2.2 Student is able to transfer professional knowledge using information technology.	
GPC-3	and implement new	GPC-3.1 Student is able to implement new effective technologies in professional activity; GPC-3.2 Student is able to develop new efficient technologies in professional activity; Is able to develop new efficient technologies in professional activity.	

Competence code	Competence descriptor	Competence formation indicators (within this course)	
GPC-4	scientific research, analyse	GPC-4.1 Student is able to carry out scientific research; GPC-4.2 Student is able to prepare report	
	reports.	documentation.	
GPC-5	Student is able to carry out aGPC-5.1Student is able to carry out e feasibility study of projectsfeasibility study of projects in professional practice.GPC-5.2Student is able to carry out to feasibility studies of projects.		
GPC-6	Student is able to manage GPC-6.1 Student is able to organize processes; production processes. GPC-6.2 Student is able to manage teams.		
PC-18	Ability to prepare scientific and technical reports, reviews, publications based	<u> </u>	

3. COURSE IN HIGHER EDUCATION PROGRAMME STRUCTURE

The course «Scientific writing skills» refers to the variable component of (B1) block B1 of the higher educational programme curriculum.

Compet ence code	Competence descriptor	Previous courses/modules, courses*	Subsequent courses/modules, courses*
UC-1	Student is able to search, critically analyze problem situations based on a systematic approach, and develop a strategy for action.		Landscape planning and sustainable development; Phytopathology and Plant Protection; Landscape engineering and nature-based solution; Principles of remote sensing and modelling; Advances in environmental monitoring.
UC-3	Student is able to organize and manage the work of the team, developing a team strategy to achieve the goal.		Landscape planning and sustainable development; Phytopathology and Plant Protection; Landscape engineering and nature-based solution; Principles of remote sensing and modelling; Advances in environmental monitoring.
UC-5	Student is able to analyze and take into account the diversity of cultures in the process		Landscape planning and sustainable development; Phytopathology and Plant Protection; Landscape

Table 3.1. The list of the higher education programme components that contribute to the achievement of the expected learning outcomes as the course results.

Compet ence	Competence	Previous courses/modules,	Subsequent
code	descriptor	courses*	courses/modules, courses*
	of intercultural interaction.		engineering and nature-based solution; Principles of remote sensing and modelling; Advances in environmental monitoring.
UC-6	Student is able to determine and implement the priorities of his own activities and ways to improve it based on self-assessment.		Landscape planning and sustainable development; Phytopathology and Plant Protection; Landscape engineering and nature-based solution; Principles of remote sensing and modelling; Advances in environmental monitoring.
GPC-1	Ability to analyze modern problems of science and production, solve complex (non- standard) tasks in professional activity.		Landscape planning and sustainable development; Phytopathology and Plant Protection; Principles of remote sensing and modelling.
GPC-2	Student is able to transfer professional knowledge using modern pedagogical techniques.		Landscape planning and sustainable development; Phytopathology and Plant Protection; Principles of remote sensing and modelling.
GPC-3	Student is able to develop and implement new effective technologies in professional activities.		Landscape planning and sustainable development; Phytopathology and Plant Protection; Landscape engineering and nature-based solution.
GPC-4	Student is able to carry out scientific research, analyse the results and prepare reports.		Landscape planning and sustainable development; Phytopathology and Plant Protection; Landscape engineering and nature-based solution.
GPC-5	Student is able to carry out a techno-economic feasibility study of projects in professional practice.		Landscape planning and sustainable development; Phytopathology and Plant Protection; Landscape engineering and nature-based solution.
GPC-6	Student is able to manage teams and organise production processes.		Landscape planning and sustainable development.

Compet ence code	Competence descriptor	Previous courses/modules, courses*	Subsequent courses/modules, courses*
PC-18	Ability to prepare scientific and technical reports, reviews, publications based on the results of research in the field of landscape architecture.		

* To be filled in according with the competence matrix of the higher education programme.

4. COURSE WORKLOAD

The total workload of the course is 6 credits (216 academic hours).

5. COURSE CONTENTS

Modules	Contents (topics, types of practical activities)	Workload, academic hours
	1.1 Stages of science development;1.2 Evolutionary and revolutionary models of science development.	10
Module 2. Methodology of scientific research.	2.1 Scientific observation;2.2 Experiment;2.3 Models and modeling.	15
Module 3. Introduction into descriptive statistics.	 3.1 Measuring scales: ordinal, integral and ratio scales, continuous and discrete variables; 3.2 Sample. Representativeness of sample; 3.3 Mean, range, variance, coefficient of variance, stand deviation. 	15
Module 4. Data analysis and prediction.	 4.1 Confident interval. P-level; 4.2 T statistics and t-test; 4.3 Correlation (Pearson and Spearmen correlation coefficients); 4.4 Regression (multiple, linear/ non-linear regression). 	22
	5.1 Conference thesis;5.2 Scientific paper;5.3 Master and PhD thesis.	15
	6.1 Approaches to visualize scientific results;6.2 Tables: structural elements and design rules;6.3 Graphical visualization of research results.	15
Module 7. Business in science.	 7.1 International scientific community; 7.2 Commercialization of scientific results. Sources of research funding; 7.3 National and international grants and programs. Scientific foundations. 	15
Independent work of stude	74	
Control (exam/test with as	sessment).	35

Table 5.1. Course contents*

	Modules	Contents (topics, types of practical activities)	Workload, academic hours
		TOTAL:	216
_	* The contents of course	\cdot the such as a data and tensor of meretical activities shall be $\overline{\Gamma}$	III I V and a stad in the

* The contents of course through modules and types of practical activities shall be <u>FULLY</u> reflected in the student's course report.

6. COURSE EQUIPMENT AND TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS

The infrastructure and technical support necessary for the course implementation include: certified soil-ecological laboratory, individual consultations, routine monitoring and interim certification, equipped with a set of specialized furniture and equipment. (rooms 203, 418). Specialized educational/laboratory equipment includes Draper Diplomat 213x213 83" tripod screen, a workstation based on a complete system unit and a monitor for working with graphical applications. Model AG_PC Axiom Group/Intel Core I3 Processor 8 Cooperative memory Crucial by Micron DDR4 8SV*2;Motherboard PRIME B360-PLUS; MoHHTop Samsung 23.5, Software ArchiCAD 15, AutoCAD12, SketchUp, QGIS 2.10 (Quantum GIS).

7. RESOURCES RECOMMENDED FOR COURSE

Main readings:

— Printed publications:

- 1. Borovikov, V. Art of computer data analysis. Piter. Saint-Petersburg. 2003.
- 2. Diez, D.M., Barr C.D. and Centinkaya-Rundel M. OpenIntro Statistics Second edition. Second Edition. Current Printing: July 2014.
- Aller, L., Bennett T., Lehr J. H., Petty R. J., and Hackett G. DRASTIC: A standardized system for evaluating ground water pollution potential using hydrogeological settings. EPA/600/2-87/035. Washington, D.C.: Environmental Agency. 1987.
- 4. Bailey, T. C., and Gatrell A. C. Interactive spatial data analysis. Harlow, UK: Longman. 1995.
- 5. C-P. Pifo. Statistica. Hockenheim. 2011.
- Electronic and printed full-text materials:
- 1. Batty, M. J. 1997. The computable city. International Planning Studies 2: 155–73.
- 2. Batty, M. J., and P. A. Longley. 1994. Fractal cities: A geometry of form anfunction. San Diego, Calif.: Academic Press.
- 3. Benenson, I. 2004. Agent-based modeling: From individual residential to urban residential dynamics. In Spatially integrated social science, ed. M. Goodchild and D. J. Janelle, 67–94. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Berger T. Agent-based spatial models applied to agriculture: a simulation tool for technology diffusion, resource use changes and policy analysis. 2001. Agricultural Economics. # 25. P. 245–260.
- 5. Peuquet, D. 2002. Representations of space and time. New York: Guilford.
- 6. Tomlin, C. D. 1990. Geographic information systems and cartographic modeling. Englewood Cliffs, N.J.: Prentice Hall.

- 7. Worboys, M. F., and M. Duckham. 2004. GIS: A computing perspective. New York: Taylor and Francis.
- 8. Zeiler, M. 1999. Modeling our world: The ESRI guide to geodatabase design. Redlands, Calif.: ESRI Press.

Additional readings:

- Electronic and printed full-text materials:
- 1. Carey, G. F., ed. 1995. Finite element modeling of environmental problems: Surface and subsurface flow and transport. New York: John Wiley and Sons.
- Crosier, S. J., M. F. Goodchild, L. L. Hill, and T. R. Smith. 2003. Developing an infrastructure for sharing environmental models. Environment and Planning B: Planning and Design 30: 487–501.
- 3. Dibble, C., and P. G. Feldman. 2004. The GeoGraph 3D Computational Laboratory: network and terrain landscapes for RePast. Journal of Artificial Societies and Social Simulation 7(1). Available: jasss.soc.surrey.ac.uk/ 7/1/7.html.
- 4. Engelen G., White R., De Nij T. Environment Explorer: Spatial Support System for the Integrated Assessment of Socio-Economic and Environmental Policies in the Netherlands. 2003. Integrated Assessment. V. 4, #. 2. P. 97–105..
- Goodchild M.F. GIS and modeling overview. In: GIS, Spatial Analysis and Modeling. Maguire D.J., Batty M., Goodchild M.F. (Eds). ESRI Press, Redlands. P. 2-17.
- 6. Goodchild, M. F., and J. Proctor. 1997. Scale in a digital geographic world. Geographical and Environmental Modeling 1: 5–23.
- 7. Goodchild, M. F., B. O. Parks, and L. J. Steyaert. 1993. Environmental modeling with GIS. New York: Oxford University Press.

Internet sources:

- 1. Open statistic software <u>www.r-project.org</u>
- 2. Statistica manuals <u>www.statsoft.ru</u>
- 3. Open GIS software <u>www.qgis.com</u>
- 4. Science Direct: http://www.sciencedirect.com
- 5. EBSCO: http://search.ebscohost.com
- 6. Springer/Kluwer: http://www.springerlink.com
- 7. Tailor & Francis: http://www.informaworld.com
- 8. Data bases and survey systems
- 9. GISLAB: <u>http://www.gis-lab.info</u>
- 10. Google Earth Engine https://explorer.earthengine.google.com/#workspace
- 11. USGS Earth Explorer <u>https://earthexplorer.usgs.gov/</u>
- 12. Copernicus Global Land Service https://land.copernicus.eu/global/products/lc
- 13. Global Soil Map and Database <u>https://soilgrids.org/</u>

Educational and methodological materials for independent work of students during the development of the course/module*:

1. Workbook on the discipline «Scientific writing skills».

2. Methodological guidelines for students on the development of the discipline «Scientific writing skills».

*The training toolkit and guidelines for the course are placed on the course page in the university telecommunication training and information system under the set procedure.

8. ASSESSMENT TOOLKIT AND GRADING SYSTEM* FOR EVALUATION OF STUDENTS' COMPETENCES LEVEL AS COURSE RESULTS

The assessment toolkit and the grading system* to evaluate the level of competences (competences in part) formation as the course results are specified in the Appendix to the course syllabus.

* The assessment toolkit and the grading system are formed based on the requirements of the relevant local normative act of RUDN University (regulations / order).

DEVELOPERS:

Associate Professor, department of landscape planning and sustainable ecosystems

V. I. Vasenev

position, educational

department

signature

name and surname.

E. A. Dovletyarova

HEAD OF EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT:

Director, department of landscape planning and sustainable ecosystems

educational department

signature

name and surname.

HEAD OF HIGHER EDUCATION PROGRAMME:

Associate Professor, department of landscape planning and sustainable ecosystems

part,

V. I. Vasenev

position, educational

department

signature

name and surname