

Документ подписан простой электронной подписью
Информация о владельце:
ФИО: Ястребов Олег Александрович
Должность: Ректор
Дата подписания: 12.05.2026 10:20:00
Уникальный программный ключ:
ca953a0120d891083f939673078ef1a989dae18a

Federal State Autonomous Educational Institution for Higher Education
PEOPLES FRIENDSHIP UNIVERSITY OF RUSSIA NAMED AFTER PATRICE
LUMUMBA (RUDN University)

Institute of Environmental Engineering

COURSE SYLLABUS

**Modern Technologies for Nature Protection / Современные технологии
защиты ОС**

Recommended by the Didactic Council for the Education Field for the specialization:

05.04.06 "Ecology and Nature Management"

**The mastering of the course is carried out as part of the implementation of the main
professional syllabus (Higher Education programme, specialization)**

Integrated Solid Waste Management / Комплексное управление твердыми бытовыми отходами

1. COURSE GOAL(s)

The discipline "Modern Technologies for Nature Protection " is part of the Master's program "Integrated Municipal Solid Waste Management" in the field of study 05.04.06 "Ecology and Environmental Management" and is studied in the 2nd semester of the 1st year. The discipline is delivered by the Department of Environmental Safety and Product Quality Management. The discipline consists of 3 sections and 8 topics and is aimed at developing skills in modern technologies for wastewater treatment and remediation of degraded lands.

The aim of the discipline is to train specialists capable of critically analyzing environmental problems using a systemic and interdisciplinary approach, developing and implementing nature protection strategies, applying regulatory legal acts and international standards, modeling and optimizing ecosystems, as well as conducting field and laboratory research, including the collection and statistical analysis of environmental data.

2. REQUIREMENTS FOR COURSE OUTCOMES

The course implementation is aimed at the development of the following competences:

Table 2.1 *The list of competences*

Cipher	Competence	Competence achievement indicators (within this discipline)
GC-1	Able to critically analyze problem situations based on a systematic approach and develop an action strategy	GC-1.1 Knows how to solve problematic tasks and to identify their components and the relationships between them;
		GC-1.2 Able to search for possible solutions to a problematic task based on accessible and reliable sources of information;
		GC-1.3 Possesses a strategy for resolving a problem situation based on systemic and interdisciplinary approaches.
GPC-4	Able to apply regulatory legal acts in the field of ecology and environmental management, standards of professional ethics	GPC-4.1 Models and predicts the behavior of natural and natural-technogenic ecosystems of varying degrees of complexity, finds ways to optimize them
		GPC-4.2 Knows international practices in the development and harmonization, as well as the application of environmental standards
		GPC-4.3 Possesses skills in analyzing the need for environmental protection measures based on the application of environmental standards, skills in selecting and applying indicators for environmental assessment and forms of environmental control based on environmental standards
PC-9	Capable of conducting a field survey of a facility, its components, foundation, or surrounding environment, and possesses mastery of skills in office-based data processing and formalization of research outcomes and original research results	PC-9.1 Has mastery of skills in the collection of water, soil, air, and biological samples for the purpose of assessing their ecological condition;
		PC-9.2 Capable of performing laboratory investigations, measurements, and analyses of collected environmental samples;

As a result of studying the discipline, the student must:

Know:

Technological solutions used to protect the environment

Be able to: correctly classify objects of accumulated environmental damage, reasonably select methods for reclamation and bioremediation of objects of accumulated environmental damage, evaluate the environmental and economic efficiency of ongoing activities

Possess: techniques for drawing up schemes for comprehensive reclamation of disturbed lands and water bodies, skills in choosing the best available technology for eliminating damage to the environment.

3. COURSE IN HIGHER EDUCATION PROGRAMME STRUCTURE

Discipline " **Modern Technologies for Nature Protection / Современные технологии защиты ОС**" refers to the **mandatory block** parts 1 of the curriculum.

Within the higher education programme students also master other disciplines (modules) and / or internships that contribute to the achievement of the expected learning outcomes as results of the course.

Table 3.1

The list of the higher education programme components that contribute to the achievement of the expected learning outcomes

Competence code	Competence descriptor	Previous courses/modules, internships*	Subsequent courses/modules, internships*
GC-1	Able to critically analyze problem situations based on a systematic approach and develop an action strategy	Methodology of Scientific Creation; Research Work;	Environmental control and MSW monitoring programs**; Physicochemical methods of waste testing**; Research Work; Pre-Graduation Practice;
GPC-4	Able to apply regulatory legal acts in the field of ecology and environmental management, standards of professional ethics	Research Work;	Research Work; Pre-Graduation Practice;
PC-9	Capable of conducting a field survey of a facility, its components, foundation, or surrounding environment, and possesses mastery of skills in office-based data processing and formalization of research outcomes and original research results	Research Work;	Research Work; Pre-Graduation Practice

4. COURSE WORKLOAD AND ACADEMIC ACTIVITIES

The course workload of the discipline is **3** credit units

Table 4.1.

Types of educational work by periods of mastering EP VO for full -time education

Types of academic activities	TOTAL acc.	Semester(s)			
		1	2	3	4
<i>Contact academic hours</i>	27		27		
Lectures	9		9		
Lab works					
Seminars (workshops/tutorials)	18		18		
<i>Self-study</i>	58		58		
<i>Evaluation and assessment (exam; pass/fail grading)</i>	23		23		
Total course workload	hours	108	108		
	credits	3	3		

5. COURSE CONTENT

Table

5.1. The content of the discipline (module) by type of educational work

Title of Course Modules		Content	Types of academic activities
1.	Introduction to Industrial Wastes. Bioremediation Approaches for Environmental Management	Classification of Waste and Environmental Pollution. Pollutants in Environment. The Concept of Ecosystem Resilience. Self-cleaning Capacity of Ecosystems. Biotic & Abiotic Processes. Technologies of Environment' Protection and Restoration	L. S
		Bioremediation: definitions. Mechanisms. Bioremediation. Phytoremediation. Microbe-Assisted Phytoremediation. Enzymatic Remediation. Emerging Bioremediation Technologies: Electro-bioremediation, Electrokinetic phytoremediation, Microbial fuel cells, Constructed wetlands, Nano-bioremediation	
2.	Wastewater Treatment Technologies. Sludge Management	Wastewater: definition, classification, removal parameters. Nature and characteristics of various types of industrial wastewater. Wastewater Treatment Processes: Primary, Secondary, Tertiary	L.
		Physical Unit Processes: Screening, Sedimentation, Floatation, Membrane filtration	L. S

		Biological Unit Processes: definition, mechanisms. Anaerobic and Aerobic Digestion.	L. S
		Chemical Unit Processes: definition, mechanisms, applications. Ozone Treatment	L.
		Sludge Management. Sludge Thickening, Stabilization, Dewatering, Hygienisation, Drying, Incineration	L
3.	Soil Recultivation	Types of Soil Pollutants. Electroremediation. Soil Flushing. Soil Vapour Extraction. Soil Washing. Bio-Piles. Phytoremediation. Phytoremediation System Design. Application of microalgae in bioremediation	L. S

6. CLASSROOM EQUIPMENT AND TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS

Table 6.1.

Classroom equipment and technology support requirements

Audience type	Audience equipment	Specialized educational / laboratory equipment, software and materials for mastering the discipline (if necessary)
Lecture	Classroom, equipped with a set of specialized furniture; whiteboard; a set of devices includes portable multimedia projector, laptop, projection screen, stable wireless	A set of specialized furniture; chalk board; hardware: HP PRO system unit, HP-V2072A monitor, LUMIEN retractable projection screen, Internet access. Microsoft Windows 7 corporate. License No. 5190227, date of issue March 16, 2010
Seminar	Computer class for conducting classes, group and individual consultations, current control and intermediate certification, equipped with personal computers (in the amount of ___ pcs), a board (screen) and technical means of multimedia presentations.	MS Office 2007 Prof, License No. 6842818, date of issue 09/07/2009
For independent work of students	An auditorium for independent work of students (can be used for seminars and consultations), equipped with a set of specialized furniture and computers with access to the EIOS.	

7. RECOMMENDED SOURCES FOR COURSE STUDIES

a) Main reading:

1 Liu Y., Li L. (ed.). Principles of Environmental Engineering. – Springer, 2023

b) Additional reading

- 1 Simon S. J. Protecting Clean Air: Preventing Pollution. – Momentum Press, 2017
- 2 Bocharnikov V.N., Dong S., Zhao M., Li Z. Reconstruction Of A System Of National Parks And Protected Areas In China And Russia According To New Demands And Challenges Facing Implementation Of The Belt And Road Project. GEOGRAPHY, ENVIRONMENT, SUSTAINABILITY. 2020;13(3):76-83. <https://doi.org/10.24057/2071-9388-2018-56>
- 3 Wastewater engineering: treatment and reuse I Metcalf & Eddy, Inc. - 4th ed.
- 4 Davis, Mackenzie Leo, and David A. Cornwell. "Introduction to environmental engineering", 2013, 4th ed.

Internet-based sources

1. ELS of RUDN University and third-party ELS, to which university students have access on the basis of concluded agreements:

- RUDN Electronic Library System - RUDN EBS <http://lib.rudn.ru/MegaPro/Web>
- ELS "University Library Online" <http://www.biblioclub.ru>
- EBS Yurayt <http://www.biblio-online.ru>
- ELS "Student Consultant" www.studentlibrary.ru
- EBS "Lan" <http://e.lanbook.com/>
- EBS "Trinity Bridge"

2. Databases and search engines:

- electronic fund of legal and normative-technical documentation <http://docs.cntd.ru/>
- Yandex search engine [https:// www .yandex.ru/](https://www.yandex.ru/)
- Google search engine <https://www.google.ru/>
- abstract database [SCOPUS http://www.elsevierscience.ru/products/scopus/](http://www.elsevierscience.ru/products/scopus/)

8. MID-TERM ASSESSMENT AND EVALUATION TOOLKIT

Evaluation materials and a point-rating system* for assessing the level of competence formation (part of competences) based on the results of mastering the discipline **IT in Ecology and Natural Resources Management** are presented in the Appendix to this Syllabus.

DEVELOPER:

Associate Professor of the ES&PQM
Department

Kharlamova M.D.

Position, BUP

Signature

Name, Surname

HEAD OF DEPARTMENT:

Director of ES&PQM Department

Savenkova E.V.

Position

Signature

Name, Surname

HEAD OF PROGRAMME:

Associate Professor of the
NM Department

Kapralova D.O.

Position

Signature

Name, Surname

**Federal State Autonomous Educational Institution for Higher Education
PEOPLES' FRIENDSHIP UNIVERSITY OF RUSSIA NAMED AFTER PATRICE LUMUMBA
(RUDN UNIVERSITY)**

Institute of Environmental Engineering

ASSESSMENT TOOLKIT for the course

**Modern Technologies for Nature Protection / Современные технологии
защиты ОС course title**

**05.04.06 "Ecology and nature management" field
of studies / speciality code and title**

**The mastering of the course is carried out as part of the implementation of the main professional
syllabus (Higher Education program, specialization)**

«Integrated Solid Waste Management / Комплексное управление твердыми отходами»

Passport to Assessment Toolkit for Course Modern Technologies for Nature Protection / Современные технологии защиты ОС

Field of Studies / Speciality 05.04.06 Ecology and nature management

code

title

Course: Modern Technologies for Nature Protection / Современные технологии защиты ОС title

Competences (competences in part) under assessment	Course module under assessment	Course topic under assessment	Tools to assess higher education programme mastering level				Exam/Pass - fail	Points for topic	Points for module
			Class work		Selfstudies				
			Oral/written survey	Tests	Colloquium	Practical task	Preparation for class	Defense of course project/work	Pass/Fail assessment
	Waste problem. Waste in the environment and ecosystem stability	Concept of waste Stability and safety of the environment Stability and resistance of ecosystems to pollution.	1	1				4	16
		Ecosystem sustainability concept. The cycle of matter is an important principle of sustainable ecosystems. Biogeochemical cycles of carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, sulfur, phosphorus and metals.	1	1				8	
		Self-cleaning capacity of an ecosystem: biotic and abiotic processes. Parameters of ecosystem stability.		2				4	
	Wastewater treatment technologies	Sources and types of hydrosphere pollution. Types of wastewater Types of industrial wastewater pollution.	2	2				4,5	13
		Modern methods of wastewater treatment from industrial pollution.						0,5	
		Agricultural and domestic wastewater and treatment methods. Sewage sludge and methods of treatment and disposal.		2				4,5	

		Biological methods. Methane fermentation. Composting. Thermal methods.	2						4,5	
	Technologies for cleaning gas emissions.	Classification of gas emissions by state of aggregation Dispersy of systems (particle sizes). Solid particles - aerosols: dust and vapors. Air protection methods. .Methods for cleaning gas and dust emissions from aerosols. Dry and wet methods.	2	2					6	6
	Solid waste management:	Sources of solid industrial waste. Methods for neutralization and processing of industrial nonradioactive waste. Warehousing. Heat treatment Sludge processing (plating, oil). Features of recycling by industry. Sources and treatment of hazardous waste	2	2					4	16
		Features of hazardous waste. Technology for processing household waste. Combustion of solid waste. Energy generation. Ecological aspects of combustion.		2					4	
		Biothermal aerobic composting technology. Technology of anaerobic digestion and biogas production.		2					4	
	Biothermal aerobic composting technology. Anaerobic digestion and biogas production technology	Temporary storage. Storage of hazardous industrial waste. Landfills. Hygienic requirements for the selection of territory and location.	2	2					6	16
		Layout and arrangement of landfills Ensuring safety control. Features of the discharge of water-soluble liquid and combustible waste. How to choose a location for a landfill? General stages and installation of landfills.	1	2					5	
		Modern cleaning chemical mechanical and thermal cleaning Industrial composting	1	2					5	
	Technologies for rehabilitation of water bodies	Types of reservoirs. Types of water pollutants. Sources of water pollution. Water recovery methods. Stages of environmental rehabilitation of water bodies and preparatory work: technical, biological.	1	2					5	10
		Creation (restoration) of a coastal ecosystem. Comprehensive landscaping of the surrounding area. Examples. Cleaning water bodies from oil products. Reducing the concentration of pollutants in water bodies	1	2					5	

	Technologies for cleaning gas emissions	. Classification of gas emissions by state of aggregation Dispersity of systems (particle sizes). Solid particles - aerosols: dust and vapors. Air protection methods. .Methods for cleaning gas and dust emissions from aerosols. Dry and wet methods.	2	2						6	6
		Total	16	30			20	20	14		100

2. ASSESSMENT MATERIALS FOR CONDUCTING CURRENT CONTROL OF STUDENTS' PROGRESS AND INDEPENDENT WORK IN THE DISCIPLINE

Interim certification is carried out in the form of testing on the completed course. In the middle and at the end of the semester, final testing is carried out, the number of points is recorded in the BRS. Passing the exam (final scores) is included in the overall score for a maximum of 100 points. Project work is carried out during the semester by groups of students, the number of students in the group depends on the number of stages in the project. Independent preparation for the seminar includes the collection of the necessary material and is prepared in accordance with the stage of the general assignment using Internet resources and evidence provided by the teacher. Defense of project work is carried out in stages at each lesson in the presence of all students in the study group. An electronic presentation illustrating the results must be prepared for the defense. The report must be completed orally, the student must be fluent in the prepared material and answer questions from the teacher and other students. At each stage, the student is responsible for preparing the stage, so by the end of the semester, each student in the group passes his own defense stage. The final assessment of project work is carried out by summing up the points received in the semester by group.

SAMPLE TOPICS FOR PERFORMING PROJECT WORK

- 1 Indicators of the level of economic development of the country in accordance with indices UN Sustainable Development in Waste Management 2
Main indicators of the UN SD in the field of waste management
- 3 Reasons for the low efficiency of processing raw materials into products (the world average is about 8%)
- 4 Stages and tasks of the municipal waste management system
- 5 Formation of a global waste management system
- 6 Prospects for improving the methodology for calculating environmental tax 7
Advantages, disadvantages and opportunities for improving the institution of regional operators

8 Analysis of the regional waste management system: advantages and disadvantages 9
Analysis of the specialization of the region of the Russian Federation (optional) and
related problems waste management

10 Prospects for the use of thermal processing of MSW in the region (optional) 11
Solving the problem of wastewater sludge disposal in the region (optional)

SELF-STUDY QUESTIONS

- 1 Waste management strategy in the focus of sustainable development. Current position indicators
- 2 Procedure for identifying waste components
- 3 Quantitative and qualitative composition of solid waste. Factors influencing waste generation. Composition of municipal MSW.
- 4 Production control in the field of waste management
- 5 Basic principles of strategic waste management, waste management hierarchy. Waste program, implementation levels.
- 6 Determination of the hazard class of waste. Calculation and empirical methods. 7
Integrated schemes for processing solid waste. Required components. Implementation stages.
- 8 Production control of waste components. Control methods. Integral and partial indicators.
- 9 Waste management experience in developed countries: experience and comparison of management methods.
- 10 Catalogs and registers of waste. Waste code information
- 11 Hazardous household waste: list, organization of separate collection, disposal methods. Russian and foreign experience.
- 12 Requirements for the development of draft standards for waste generation. 13
Features of regulation of thermal waste processing. Environmental aspects of direct waste incineration. Alternative heat treatment methods.
- 14 Resource characteristics of waste. Processing technologies.
- 15 State waste cadastre. Purpose, main blocks.
- 16 Polygonal burial. Environmental aspects and requirements for the organization of sanitary landfills for waste disposal.
- 17 Russian legislation in the field of waste management. Goals, objectives and methods of implementation.

- 18 Product life cycle and waste generation. Waste as a source of secondary resources and energy
- 20 Methods of economic incentives for waste collection and recycling.
- 21 Territorial scheme for the management of production and consumption waste.
 - 22 Institute for Extended Producer Responsibility. Environmental fee
 - 23 Regional operator - functions, rights and obligations.
- 24 Assessment and selection of technologies for rational sorting of solid waste (preparation for complex processing).
- 25 Modern technologies for the neutralization and disposal of the organic fraction of waste.
- 26 Approaches and types of waste classification.
- 27 Thermal methods for neutralizing solid waste. Environmental and economic aspects of heat treatment
- 28 Federal classification catalog of waste. Purpose, compilation principles, code structure.
- 29 Integrated schemes for sorting and processing of solid waste. Principles and approaches.
- 30 Hazardous waste certification as a tool for effective management
- 31 Material balances at the enterprise. Accounting for waste generation at all stages production.

3. ASSESSMENT MATERIALS FOR INTERMEDIATE CERTIFICATION IN THE DISCIPLINE

The assessment is made as a percentage of the total number of tested tasks, with the subsequent conversion of percentages into points in accordance with the approved BRS. For example, a student answered 10 out of 15 test questions correctly, therefore he scored 67%. The maximum score for intermediate certification is 9, multiplying 0.67 by 9, we get 6 points. This item is specified in the general statement and is added to the other items.

A student is considered to have successfully passed the intermediate or final certification if the sum of points for all types of activities at the time of certification exceeds 50% of the maximum possible score. Interim certification in the discipline “Modern technologies for nature protection” is carried out in the form of a certification test based on the results of studying the discipline/at the end of the autumn and summer semester. Types of certification test – TEST WITH ASSESSMENT (in accordance with the approved curriculum). The certification test is carried out on tickets containing three questions on the discipline course. Based on the results of the certification test, the student

Questions to prepare for the certification test in the discipline “Modern technologies for nature protection/Modern OS protection technologies”:

1 The waste inventory information system includes the following main blocks:

- A. database of restrictions on the location of a waste management facility
- b. catalog data bank
- c. database of GIS technologies and cartographic materials
- d. vehicle data bank
- e. investor data bank
- f. data bank of waste and technologies for their processing
- g. state register of waste disposal facilities

2 To determine the resource characteristics of waste, it is necessary to take into account (supplement the missing physical and chemical parameters):

- a. waste composition (name and formula of the substance)
- b. hazardous properties of waste
- c. technological processes in which waste can be used
- d.
- e....
- f.

3 Waste that can be used as construction and installation work and water and energy resources is generated mainly at the following stages of the product (product) life cycle:

- A. product development
- b. production of products
- c. product sales
- d. product performance
- e. product repair
- f. waste removal

4 The main tasks of waste management in accordance with the waste management hierarchy are (put in the right order)

- A. minimizing the cost of sanitary cleaning of the city;
- b. selection of environmentally friendly waste processing methods with the lowest economic costs;
- c. the maximum possible involvement of waste into economic circulation and its material and energy use as technogenic raw materials;
- d. minimizing the amount of waste generated;

e. gradual transition from landfill disposal of solid waste to industrial processing.

5 Mandatory processes that provide a comprehensive scheme for processing MSW are:

- A. separate collection

- b. organization of transportation without increasing the export shoulder
- c. organization of transportation from equidistant objects
- d. mechanical separation
- e. mechanical grinding
- f. biothermal treatment (composting, anaerobic digestion) gram. heat treatment

Criteria for evaluation All results of competency development are assessed in accordance with the scale of the international scoring system ECTS. In accordance with the calculated grading system (* see toolkit passport), the student gains the required points. Class work (for one hour of class): no more than 1 point. The grade is given for presence and active work at a seminar or lecture (lectures are held in an interactive form) - answers to current questions, notes, discussion. Independent preparation for the lesson: maximum 3 points for each topic. The topic is prepared, there is a presentation, calculation results, the student answers questions freely - 2 points; the student is present in the lesson, participates in the discussion, but finds it difficult to answer the questions - 1 point. The student is absent or the assignment is not prepared - 0 points

The final exam is taken by students voluntarily if they have scored the minimum possible score for certification - 51 points. In other cases, the exam is mandatory and is worth a maximum of 14 points. As a result, the total score is calculated taking into account the result of the exam and the final grade corresponds to the international ECTS scale. If a student scores less than 7 points on the exam, then the exam is considered failed and the student can take it again (re-examination).

Response Evaluation Criteria	Points		
	The answer does not meet the criterion	The answer partially meets the criterion	The answer fully meets the criterion
The student gives an answer without leading questions from the teacher	0	1-2	3
The student practically does not use the prepared answer manuscript	0	1-2	3
The answer shows the teacher's confident knowledge of the terminological and methodological apparatus of the discipline/module	0	1-2	3
The answer has a clear logical structure	0	1-2	3

